

CONTENTS

- 1 Directions for Use of the Book** 1
- 2 Fundamentals** 3
- 2.1 Nomenclature terms and definitions used in the Book 3
- 2.2 Conventions for enclosing marks and vowels in names 9
- 2.2.1 Enclosing marks 9
- 2.2.2 Vowels 9
- 3 Guide to Name Construction and Name Interpretation** 13
- 3.1 General procedure and choice of the senior compound class (choice of the principal group) 13
- 3.2 Nomenclature types 29
- 3.2.1 Substitutive nomenclature 29
- 3.2.2 Conjunctive nomenclature 30
- 3.2.3 Multiplicative nomenclature: compounds with identical structural units 32
- 3.2.4 Additive nomenclature 36
- 3.2.5 Subtractive nomenclature 37
- 3.2.6 Functional-class nomenclature 38
- 3.3 Determination of the molecular-skeleton parent 41
- 3.4 Numbering of the molecular-skeleton parent and of other structure components 49
- 3.5 Alphabetical order of prefixes or parent-substituent names 53
- 4 Molecular-Skeleton Parents** 55
- 4.1 Preliminary notes 55
- 4.2 Hydrocarbon chains 55
- 4.3 Heterochains 61
- 4.3.1 Preliminary notes 61
- 4.3.2 Heterochains with irregularly placed heteroatoms: replacement nomenclature ('a' nomenclature) 61
- 4.3.3 Heterochains with regularly placed heteroatoms: homogeneous and heterogeneous heterochains 62
- 4.4 Carbomonocycles 67
- 4.5 Heteromonocycles 73
- 4.5.1 Preliminary notes 73
- 4.5.2 Heteromonocycles with compulsory trivial names 73
- 4.5.3 Heteromonocycles with ten or fewer ring members: extended Hantzsch–Widman nomenclature 76
- 4.5.4 Heteromonocycles with more than ten ring members: replacement nomenclature ('a' nomenclature) 81
- 4.5.5 Silicon-containing heteromonocycles 82
- 4.6 Fused polycycles (carbo- and heterocycles) 85
- 4.6.1 Preliminary notes 85
- 4.6.2 Fused polycycles with compulsory semitrivial or trivial names 86
- 4.6.3 Fused polycycles consisting of a parent component and attached components: fusion names 95
- 4.6.4 Fused polycycles with replacement names ('a' names) 114
- 4.7 von Baeyer bridged polycycles (carbo- and heterocycles) 117
- 4.8 Bridged fused polycycles (carbo- and heterocycles) 123
- 4.9 Spiropolycycles (carbo- and heterocycles) 133
- 4.9.1 Preliminary notes 133
- 4.9.2 Spiropolycycles with carbomonocycle or heteromonocycle components 133
- 4.9.3 Spiropolycycles with at least one fused-polycycle component or one von Baeyer bridged-polycycle component 135
- 4.10 Ring assemblies of identical ring components (carbo- and heterocycles) 141
- 5 Substituent Prefixes** 145
- 5.1 Preliminary notes 145
- 5.2 Prefixes of mononuclear substituents 145
- 5.3 Prefixes of hydrocarbon-chain substituents 146
- 5.4 Prefixes of heterochain substituents 147
- 5.5 Prefixes of carbocycle substituents 148
- 5.6 Prefixes of heterocycle substituents 150
- 5.7 Prefixes of ring-assembly substituents 152
- 5.8 Prefixes of composite substituents: choice of the parent substituent 153
- 5.9 Prefixes of carbonyl-containing substituents and analogs 156
- 6 Compound Classes** 159
- 6.1 Preliminary notes 159
- 6.2 Radicals 161
- 6.2.1 Preliminary notes 161
- 6.2.2 Radical center at a molecular-skeletal parent 161
- 6.2.3 Radical center at a characteristic group 163
- 6.2.4 Polyradicals 167
- 6.3 Cations 169
- 6.3.1 Preliminary notes 169
- 6.3.2 Cation center by the formal addition of electrophiles E^+ 169
- 6.3.3 Cation center by the formal removal of hydride ions H^- 175
- 6.3.4 Cation center resulting from skeletal bonding of a heteroatom 178

6.3.5	Cation center in spiropolycycles	180	6.29	Silicon, germanium, tin, and lead compounds	403
6.3.6	Cation substituents (prefixes)	182	6.30	Oxygen compounds	409
6.3.7	Polycations	184	6.31	Sulfur, selenium, and tellurium compounds	415
6.4	Anions	187	6.32	Carbon compounds	425
6.4.1	Preliminary notes	187	6.33	Halogen compounds	429
6.4.2	Anion center by the formal removal of protons H ⁺	188	6.34	Organometallic and coordination compounds	433
6.4.3	Anion center by the formal addition of hydride ions H ⁻	193			
6.4.4	Anion substituents (prefixes)	193	Appendixes		487
6.4.5	Polyanions	194	A.1	Specialist nomenclatures	487
6.5	Zwitterions	195	A.1.1	Preliminary notes	487
6.6	Radical ions	199	A.1.2	Alkaloids	487
6.7	Carboxylic, carbothioic, carboselenoic, carbotelluroic, carbohydrazonic, carboximidic, and corresponding carboperoxoic acids and salts	203	A.1.3	Amino acids and peptides	490
6.7.1	Preliminary notes	203	A.1.4	Carbohydrates	494
6.7.2	Carboxylic acids	203	A.1.5	Cyclitols	509
6.7.3	Carbothioic, carboselenoic, carbotelluroic, carbohydrazonic, and carboximidic acids	214	A.1.6	Nucleosides, nucleotides, and nucleic acids	510
6.7.4	Carboperoxoic acids (peroxy acids) and their chalcogeno, hydrazono, and imido replacement analogs	218	A.1.7	Steroids	516
6.7.5	Salts of carboxylic acids and of their chalcogeno, hydrazono, imido, and peroxy replacement analogs	220	A.1.8	Terpenes, carotenoids, and retinoids	520
6.8	Sulfonic, sulfinic, and sulfenic acids, selenonic, seleninic, and selenenic acids, telluronic, tellurinic, and tellurenic acids, their chalcogeno, hydrazono, imido, and peroxy replacement analogs, and corresponding salts	223	A.1.9	Vitamins	526
6.9	C-Oxoacids: carbonic and formic acid and their replacement analogs and corresponding salts	229	A.1.10	Porphyrins and bile pigments	529
6.10	S-, Se-, Te-, and N-Oxoacids	237	A.1.11	Polymers	531
6.11	P- and As-Oxoacids	243	A.1.12	References for specific compound classes, Internet addresses, and nomenclature software	536
6.12	Sb-, Bi-, Si-, and B-Oxoacids	253	A.2	Multiplying affixes	539
6.13	Anhydrides	257	A.3	Modifying syllables	541
6.14	Esters and lactones	267	A.4	Heteroatom syllables and element names	543
6.15	Acid halides	285	A.5	Indicated H atom 'H' (indicated hydrogen)	547
6.16	Amides, lactams, cyclic imides, and amidines	295	A.6	Configuration descriptors in names	557
6.17	Hydrazides	313	A.6.1	Definitions	557
6.18	Nitriles	321	A.6.2	The CIP system for the specification of the configuration of a stereogenic center, axis or plane, or double bond	559
6.19	Aldehydes and their oxime and hydrazone derivatives	325	A.6.3	Stereodescriptors for the denotation of the absolute and relative configuration in names	571
6.20	Ketones and their oxime and hydrazone derivatives	333	A.6.4	Configuration of organometallic and coordination compounds	582
6.21	Alcohols and phenols	347	A.7	Lambda (λ) convention	593
6.22	Hydroperoxides	355	A.8	Isotopically modified compounds	599
6.23	Amines	359	A.8.1	Preliminary notes	599
6.24	Imines	367	A.8.2	Isotopically modified compounds: IUPAC Recommendations	600
6.25	Nitrogen compounds	371	A.8.3	Isotopically modified compounds: CA Guidelines	601
6.26	Phosphorus and arsenic compounds	383			
6.27	Antimony and bismuth compounds	391	Index		609
6.28	Boron compounds	397			

Tables

- Tab. 3.1 Substituents cited only as prefixes 18
- Tab. 3.2 Compound classes and characteristic groups (ending or prefix), listed in the order of decreasing seniority for the choice of the principal group 19
- Tab. 3.3 Prefixes of frequently occurring multivalent linking substituents 34
- Tab. 4.1 Final syllables for Hantzsch–Widman names 78
- Tab. 4.2 Fundamental fused carbopolycycles with semitrivial or trivial names 89
- Tab. 4.3 Fundamental heterocycles with semitrivial or trivial names: monocycles and fused polycycles 91
- Tab. 4.4 Bridge names for bridged fused polycycles 126
- Tab. 6.1 Acid halide suffixes for halides of carboxylic, formic, sulfonic, sulfinic, and sulfenic acids and analogs 286
- Tab. 6.2 Amide suffixes and prefixes for amides of carboxylic, formic, sulfonic, sulfinic, and sulfenic acids and analogs 298
- Tab. 6.3 Compound classes for R–X with –X = –CN, –NC, –OCN, etc., and –NCO, etc., and R = alkyl or aryl 321
- Tab. 6.4 Ligand abbreviations for use in formulas and corresponding names 472
- Tab. A.1 Multiplying affixes expressing the multiple occurrence of a simple substituent or modification, an unsaturation, a heteroatom, a simple ligand, or a central atom.
Numerical syllables for the designation of a hydrocarbon or 'a' name 540
- Tab. A.2 Heteroatom syllables or 'a' syllables, listed in decreasing seniority order, as well as element names and 'ate' names for organometallic and coordination compounds, listed in increasing seniority order 543
- Tab. A.3 Polyhedral symbols 582
- Tab. A.4 Frequently occurring nuclide symbols for the designation of isotopically modified compounds 599